

1H 2019 Review and 2H 2019 Outlook on the Panda Bonds Market – Volume Notably Down, Cautiously Optimistic on 2H 2019

1H 2019 Review

- After four consecutive rate hikes in 2018, the U.S. Federal Reserve took a slight turn in the direction of its monetary policy in 1H 2019, with interest rates remained unchanged post the January and March meetings. There is also an expected interest rate cut in 2H 2019, which further widened the spreads between the Chinese and the U.S. government bonds, with those for 5-year and 10-year government bonds at 84.0 bps and 71.2 bps in 1H 2019, respectively. The widening spreads have led to a more pronounced advantage of offshore funding costs vis-à-vis onshore's, which in turn affected the attractiveness of the Panda Bonds market in China.
- There were 19 Panda Bonds issuances from 14 issuers in 1H 2019 with total issuance amount of over RMB27.5 billion, representing a decrease of 46.5% as compared with the corresponding period in 2018. The Interbank Bond Market remained to be the dominant market for issuances.
- The establishment of Bond Connect has drawn over 1,000 offshore investors as at end-June 2019, doubling the number as at end-2018. Issuances via Bond Connect accounted for 26% of the total number of issuances in 1H 2019, showing a notable increase from 16% in 1H 2018 and 19% in 2H 2018.
- Red-chip property companies have traditionally been key issuers in the Panda Bonds market. However, there were no issuance from Chinese property companies in 1H 2019, primarily due to the heightening scrutiny of means of financing in the Chinese property sector.
- In terms of issuer types, sovereigns/governments, financial institutions and non-financial corporates accounted for 16.3%, 48.3% and 35.4%, respectively, of the total issuance amount in 1H 2019. We saw a more diversified array of issuers from countries other than China, such as Portugal, The Philippines and Malaysia, coming to the market as a result of the One-Belt-One-Road ("OBOR") initiative. Approximately 26% of the number of issuances in 1H 2019 had a use of proceed towards OBOR projects, versus 10% in 1H 2018 and 4% in 2H 2018.
- In 1H 2019, the average issuance size decreased, primarily due to the tightening funding and regulatory requirements, and the average coupon rate also decreased, primarily due to decreasing onshore core rates compared to 1H and 2H 2018.

2H 2019 Outlook

- Against the backdrop of a potential interest rate cut in the U.S. and a potential slight rebound of the Chinese economy with continuous monetary and tax stimulus packages, it is likely that there will be a continuous widening in funding cost spreads between onshore and offshore financings. The Panda Bonds market is expected to exhibit a cautious state in terms of issuance volume in 2H 2019.

- Regulatory measures in China may continue to affect the risk appetite of investors in putting their money into Panda Bonds. We expect preference will continue to be given towards higher-quality issuers.
- With an increased momentum of the OBOR initiative and the Bond Connect scheme, China's domestic bond markets will continue to be open to international issuers and investors, which will further promote the Panda Bonds market in the medium- to long-term.

For more details, please refer to the Chinese report:

《2019 年上半年熊猫债券市场回顾与下半年展望》

<http://www.lhratings.com/lock/research/16bfeb8567a>

Note: In case of any discrepancies between the English version and the Chinese version, the Chinese version shall prevail.

Disclaimer

Credit rating and research reports published by Lianhe Ratings Global Limited (“Lianhe Global” or “the Company” or “us”) are subject to certain terms and conditions. Please read these terms and conditions at the Company’s website: www.lhratingsglobal.com

A credit rating is an opinion which addresses the creditworthiness of an entity or security. Credit ratings are not a recommendation to buy, sell, or hold any security. Credit ratings do not address market price, marketability, and/or suitability of any security nor its tax implications or consequences. Credit ratings may be subject to upgrades or downgrades or withdrawal at any time for any reason at the sole discretion of Lianhe Global.

All credit ratings are the products of a collective effort by accredited analysts through rigorous rating processes. No individual is solely responsible for a credit rating. All credit ratings are derived by a credit committee vesting process. The individuals identified in the reports are solely for contact purpose only.

Lianhe Global conducts its credit rating services based on third-party information which we reasonably believe to be true. Lianhe Global relies on information including, but not limited to, audited financial statements, interviews, management discussion and analysis, relevant third-party reports, and publicly available data sources to conduct our analysis. Lianhe Global has not conducted any audit, investigation, verification or due diligence. Lianhe Global does not guarantee the accuracy, correctness, timeliness, and/or completeness of the information. Credit ratings may contain forward-looking opinions of Lianhe Global which may include forecasts about future events which by definition are subject to change and cannot be considered as facts.

Under no circumstances shall Lianhe Global, its directors, shareholders, employees, officers and/or representatives or any member of the group of which Lianhe Global forms part be held liable to any party for any damage, loss, liability, cost, expense or fees in connection with any use of the information published by the Company.

Lianhe Global receives compensation from issuers, underwriters, obligors, or investors for conducting credit rating services. None of the aforementioned entities nor its related parties participate in the credit rating process aside from providing information requested by Lianhe Global.

Credit ratings included in any rating report are solicited and disclosed to the rated entity (and its agents) prior to publishing. Credit rating and research reports published by Lianhe Global are not intended for distribution to, or use by, any person in any jurisdiction where such use would infringe local laws and regulations. Any user relying on information available through credit rating and research reports is responsible for consulting the relevant agencies or professionals accordingly to comply with the applicable local laws and regulations.

All published credit rating and research reports are the intellectual property of Lianhe Global. Any reproduction, redistribution, or modification, in whole or part, in any form by any means is prohibited unless such user has obtained prior written consent from us.

Lianhe Global is a subsidiary of Lianhe Credit Information Service Co., Ltd. The credit committee of Lianhe Global has the ultimate power of interpretation of any methodology or process used in the Company’s independent credit ratings and research.

Copyright © Lianhe Ratings Global Limited 2019.